Cowpea-Vigna unguiculata (L.) Walp. subsp. unguiculata Cress, garden-Lepidium sativum L Cress, upland—Barbarea verna (Mill.) Asch. Cress, water—Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum (L.) Havek Cucumber—*Cucumis sativus* L. Dandelion—*Taraxacum officinale* Wigg. Dill—Anethum graveolens L. Eggplant—Solanum melongena L. Endive—Cichorium endivia L. Gherkin, West India—Cucumis anguria L. Kale—Brassica oleracea L. var. acephala DC. Kale. Chinese—Brassica oleracea L. var. alboglabra (Bailey) Musil Siberian—*Brassica napus* L. var. pabularia (DC.) Reichb. Kohlrabi—Brassica oleracea L. var. gongylodes Leek—Allium porrum L. Lettuce—Lactuca sativa L. Melon—Cucumis melo L. Muskmelon—(see Melon). Mustard, India-Brassica juncea (L.) Czernj. and Coss. Mustard, spinach—Brassica perviridis (Bailey) Bailey Okra—*Abelmoschus esculentus* (L.) Moench Onion—Allium cepa L. Onion, Welsh—Allium fistulosum L. Pak-choi-Brassica rapa L. subsp. chinensis (L.) Hanelt Parsley—Petroselinum crispum (Mill.) A.W. Hill Parsnip—Pastinaca sativa L. Pea—Pisum sativum L. Pepper—Capsicum spp. Pe-tsai—(see Chinese cabbage). Pumpkin—*Cucurbita pepo* L., C. *moschata* (Duchesne) Poiret, and C. *maxima* Duchesne Radish—*Raphanus sativus* L. Rhubarb—Rheum rhabarbarum L. Rutabaga—Brassica var napus napobrassica (L.) Reichb. Sage—Salvia officinalis L. Salsify—Tragopogon porrifolius L. Savory, summer—Satureja hortensis L. Sorrel—*Rumex acetosa* L. Southernpea—(see Cowpea) Soybean—Glycine max (L.) Merr. Spinach—*Spinacia oleracea* L Zealand-Tetragonia New tetragonioides (Pall.) Ktze. Squash—*Cucurbita pepo* L., C. *moschata* (Duchesne) Poiret, and *C. maxima* Duchesne Tomato—Lycopersicon esculentum Mill. Tomato, husk-Physalis pubescens L.

## § 361.2 General restrictions on the importation of seed and screenings.

Turnip—*Brassica rapa* L. subsp. *rapa* 

Watermelon—*Citrullus lanatus* Matsum. and Nakai var. *lanatus* 

(a) No person shall import any agricultural seed, vegetable seed, or screenings into the United States un-

less the importation is in compliance with this part.

- (b) Any agricultural seed, vegetable seed, or screenings imported into the United States not in compliance with this part shall be subject to exportation, destruction, disposal, or any remedial measures that the Administrator determines are necessary to prevent the dissemination into the United States of noxious weeds.
- (c) Except as provided in §361.7(b), coated or pelleted seed may enter the United States only if each lot of seed is accompanied by an officially drawn and sealed sample of seed drawn from the lot before the seed was coated or pelleted. The sample must be drawn in a manner consistent with that described in §361.5 of this part.

(d) Except as provided in §§ 361.4(a)(3) and 361.7(c), screenings of all agricultural seed and vegetable seed are prohibited entry into the United States.

## § 361.3 Declarations and labeling.

- (a) All lots of agricultural seed, vegetable seed, and screenings imported into the United States must be accompanied by a declaration from the importer of the seed or screenings. The declaration must state the kind, variety, and origin of each lot of seed or screenings and the use for which the seed or screenings are being imported.
- (b) Each container of agricultural seed and vegetable seed imported into the United States for seeding (planting) purposes must be labeled to indicate the identification code or designation for the lot of seed; the name of each kind or kind and variety of agricultural seed or the name of each kind and variety of vegetable seed present in the lot in excess of 5 percent of the whole; and the designation "hybrid" when the lot contains hybrid seed. Kind and variety names used on the label shall conform to the kind and variety names used in the definitions of "agricultural seed" and "vegetable seed" in §361.1. If any seed in the lot has been treated, each container must be further labeled, in type no smaller than 8 point, as follows:
- (1) The label must indicate that the seed has been treated and provide the name of the substance or process used to treat the seed. Substance names

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used on the label shall be the commonly accepted coined, chemical (generic), or abbreviated chemical name.

- (i) Commonly accepted coined names are commonly recognized as names of particular substances, e.g., thiram, captan, lindane, and dichlone.
- (ii) Examples of commonly accepted chemical (generic) names are bluestone, calcium carbonate, cuprous oxide, zinc hydroxide, hexachlorobenzene, and ethyl mercury acetate. The terms "mercury" or "mercurial" may be used in labeling all types of mercurials.
- (iii) Examples of commonly accepted abbreviated chemical names are BHC (1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane) and DDT (dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane).
- (2) If the seed has been treated with a mercurial or similarly toxic substance harmful to humans vertebrate animals, the label must include a representation of a skull and crossbones and a statement indicating that the seed has been treated with poison. The skull and crossbones must be at least twice the size of the type used for the information provided on the label, and the poison warning statement must be written in red letters on a background of distinctly contrasting color. Mercurials and similarly toxic substances include the following:

Aldrin, technical Demeton Dieldrin p-Dimethylaminobenzenediazo sodium sulfonate Endrin Ethion Heptachlor Mercurials, all types Parathion Phorate Toxaphene O-O-Diethyl-O-(isopropyl-4-methyl-6pyrimidyl) thiophosphate O,O-Diethyl-S-2-(ethylthio) ethyl phosphorodithioate

(3) If the seed has been treated with a substance other than one classified as a mercurial or similarly toxic substance under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, and the amount remaining with the seed is harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals, the label must indicate that the seed is not to be

used for food, feed, or oil purposes. Any amount of any substance used to treat the seed that remains with the seed will be considered harmful when the seed is in containers of more than 4 ounces, except that the following substances will not be deemed harmful when present at a rate less than the number of parts per million (p/m) indicated:

Allethrin—2 p/m
Malathion—8 p/m
Methoxyclor—2 p/m
Piperonyl butoxide—20 p/m (8 p/m on oat and sorghum)
Pyrethrins—3 p/m (1 p/m on oat and sorghum)

- (c) In the case of seed in bulk, the information required under paragraph (b) of this section shall appear in the invoice or other records accompanying and pertaining to such seed. If the seed is in containers and in quantities of 20,000 pounds or more, regardless of the number of lots included, the information required on each container under paragraph (b) of this section need not be shown on each container if each container has stenciled upon it or bears a label containing a lot designation and the invoice or other records accompanying and pertaining to such seed bear the various statements required for the respective seeds.
- (d) Each container of agricultural seed and vegetable seed imported into the United States for cleaning need not be labeled to show the information required under paragraph (b) of this section if:
  - (1) The seed is in bulk;
- (2) The seed is in containers and in quantities of 20,000 pounds or more, regardless of the number of lots involved, and the invoice or other records accompanying and pertaining to the seed show that the seed is for cleaning; or
- (3) The seed is in containers and in quantities of less than 20,000 pounds, and each container carries a label that bears the words "Seed for cleaning."

## § 361.4 Inspection at the port of first arrival.

(a) All agricultural seed, vegetable seed, and screenings imported into the United States shall be made available for examination by an APHIS inspector